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## CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF EUROPEAN WILDLIFE AND NATURAL HABITATS

GROUP OF EXPERTS ON PROTECTED AREAS AND ECOLOGICAL NETWORKS

## REVISED ANNEX I OF RESOLUTION 4 (1996) OF THE BERN CONVENTION ON ENDANGERED NATURAL HABITAT TYPES USING THE EUNIS HABITAT CLASSIFICATION

Document established by the Directorate of Culture and Cultural and Natural Heritage in collaboration with ETC/BD and Marc Roekaerts

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## ENDANGERED NATURAL HABITAT TYPES

	A	Marine habitats	
	A1	Littoral rock and other hard substrata	
!	A1.1 A1.11 A4.14	High energy littoral rock Mussel and/or barnacle communities Mediterranean and Black Sea communities of lower mediolittoral rock very exposed to wave	
!	A1.141	action Association with [Lithophyllum byssoides]	
!	A1.2 A1.22	Moderate energy littoral rock Mussels and fucoids on moderately exposed shores	
!	A1.4 A1.44	Features of littoral rock Communities of littoral caves and overhangs	
	A2	Littoral sediment	
!!!!!	A2.2 A2.3 A2.4 A2.5	Littoral sand and muddy sand Littoral mud Littoral mixed sediments Coastal saltmarshes and saline reedbeds includes the following subtypes separately listed in or split units from the 1998 version: A2.521 Atlantic and Baltic brackish saltmarsh communities A2.531 Atlantic upper shore communities A2.542 Atlantic lower shore communities A2.542 Isalicornia veneta] swards A2.5514 [Salicornia veneta] swards A2.5515 Black Sea annual [Salicornia], [Suaeda] and [Salsola] saltmarshes A2.553 Atlantic [Sagina maritima] communities	
!!	A2.6 A2.61 A2.621	Littoral sediments dominated by aquatic angiosperms Seagrass beds on littoral sediments [Eleocharis] beds	
!	A2.7 A2.72	Littoral biogenic reefs Littoral mussel beds on sediment	
!	A3	Infralittoral rock and other hard substrata includes the following subtypes separately listed in or split units from the 1998 version:  A3.71 Robust faunal cushions and crusts in surge gullies and caves  A3.74 Caves and overhangs in infralittoral rock	
!	A4	Circalittoral rock and other hard substrata includes the following subtypes separately listed in or split units from the 1998 version:  A4.24 Mussel beds on circalittoral rock  A4.26 Mediterranean coralligenous communities moderately exposed to hydrodynamic action  A4.32 Mediterranean coralligenous communities sheltered from hydrodynamic action  A4.71 Communities of circalittoral caves and overhangs	

!	A5	Sublittoral sediment includes the following subtypes separately listed in or split units from the 1998 version:  A5.627 Baltic mussel beds in the infralittoral photic zone			
	A6	Deep-sea bed			
!	A6.9 A6.91 A6.911	Vents, seeps, hypoxic and anoxic habitats of the deep sea Deep-sea reducing habitats Seeps in the deep-sea bed			
	B Coastal habitats				
	B1	Coastal dunes and sandy shores			
!!!!!!!!	B1.3 B1.4 B1.5 B1.6 B1.7 B1.8 B1.9	Shifting coastal dunes Coastal stable dune grassland (grey dunes) Coastal dune heaths Coastal dune scrub Coastal dune woods Moist and wet dune slacks Machair			
!	B2 B2.3	Coastal shingle Upper shingle beaches with open vegetation			
	С	Inland surface waters			
	C1	Surface standing waters			
!	C1.1	Permanent oligotrophic lakes, ponds and pools includes the following subtype separately listed in or split unit from the 1998 version: C1.14 Charophyte submerged carpets in oligotrophic waterbodies			
!!!!!!!!	C1.2 C1.22 C1.222 C1.223 C1.224 C1.225 C1.226 C1.24 C1.241 C1.2416 C1.25	Permanent mesotrophic lakes, ponds and pools Free-floating vegetation of mesotrophic waterbodies Floating [Hydrocharis morsus-ranae] rafts Floating [Stratiotes aloides] rafts Floating [Utricularia australis] and [Utricularia vulgaris] colonies Floating [Salvinia natans] mats Floating [Aldrovanda vesiculosa] communities Rooted floating vegetation of mesotrophic waterbodies Floating broad-leaved carpets [Nelumbo nucifera] beds Charophyte submerged carpets in mesotrophic waterbodies			
!!	C1.3 C1.34 C1.341 C1.3411 C1.3413	Permanent eutrophic lakes, ponds and pools Rooted floating vegetation of eutrophic waterbodies Shallow-water floating communities [Ranunculus] communities in shallow water [Hottonia palustris] beds in shallow water Permanent dystrophic lakes, ponds and pools			

!	C1.44	Charophyte submerged carpets in dystrophic waterbodies	
!	C1.5	Permanent inland saline and brackish lakes, ponds and pools	
!!	C1.6 Temporary lakes, ponds and pools C1.66 Temporary inland saline and brackish waters C1.67 Turlough and lake-bottom meadows		
	C2	Surface running waters	
!	C2.1 C2.12	Springs, spring brooks and geysers Hard water springs	
	C3	Littoral zone of inland surface waterbodies	
!	C3.4 C3.41 C3.42 C3.421 C3.422 C3.43 C3.431	.41 Euro-Siberian perennial amphibious communities .42 Mediterraneo-Atlantic amphibious communities .421 Short Mediterranean amphibious communities .422 Tall Mediterranean amphibious communities .43 Central Eurasian amphibious communities	
!	C3.5 C3.51 C3.511 C3.512 C3.5132 C3.5133 C3.55	Periodically inundated shores with pioneer and ephemeral vegetation Euro-Siberian dwarf annual amphibious swards Freshwater dwarf [Eleocharis] communities Dune-slack [Centaurium] swards Swards of small [Cyperus] species Wet ground dwarf herb communities Sparsely vegetated river gravel banks	
!	C3.6 C3.62	Unvegetated or sparsely vegetated shores with soft or mobile sediments Unvegetated river gravel banks	
_	D	Mires, bogs and fens	
	D1	Raised and blanket bogs	
!	D1.2	Blanket bogs	
	D2	Valley mires, poor fens and transition mires	
!!	D2.2 D2.22 D2.226 D2.3	Poor fens and soft-water spring mires [Carex nigra], [Carex canescens], [Carex echinata] fens Peri-Danubian black-white-star sedge fens Transition mires and quaking bogs includes the following subtype separately listed in or split unit from the 1998 version: D2.3H Wet, open, acid peat and sand, with [Rhynchospora alba] and [Drosera]	
!!	D3 D3.1 D3.2	Aapa, palsa and polygon mires Palsa mires Aapa mires	

!	D3.3	Polygon mires			
	D4	Base-rich fens and calcareous spring mires			
!!	D4.1 D4.2	Rich fens, including eutrophic tall-herb fens and calcareous flushes and soaks Basic mountain flushes and streamsides, with a rich arctic-montane flora			
	D5	Sedge and reedbeds, normally without free-standing water			
!	D5.2	Beds of large sedges normally without free-standing water			
	D6	Inland saline and brackish marshes and reedbeds			
!	D6.1	Inland saltmarshes includes the following subtypes separately listed in or split units from the 1998 version: D6.15 Interior Iberian [Microcnemum] and [Salicornia] swards D6.16 Interior central European and Anatolian [Salicornia], [Microcnemum], [Suaeda] and [Salsola] swards			
_	Е	Grasslands and lands dominated by forbs, mosses or lichens			
	E1	Dry grasslands			
!	E1.1 E1.11 E1.112	Inland sand and rock with open vegetation Euro-Siberian rock debris swards [Sempervivum] or [Jovibarba] communities on rock debris			
!	E1.2	Perennial calcareous grassland and basic steppes			
!	E1.3	Mediterranean xeric grassland			
!	E1.7 E1.71	Closed non-Mediterranean dry acid and neutral grassland [Nardus stricta] swards			
!	E1.8 E1.83	Closed Mediterranean dry acid and neutral grassland Mediterraneo-montane [Nardus stricta] swards			
!	E1.B	Heavy-metal grassland			
	E2	Mesic grasslands			
!	E2.2 E2.25	Low and medium altitude hay meadows Continental meadows			
	E3	Seasonally wet and wet grasslands			
!	E3.1	Mediterranean tall humid grassland includes the following subtypes separately listed in or split units from the 1998 version: E3.111 [Serapias] grassland			
!!	E3.4 E3.5	Moist or wet eutrophic and mesotrophic grassland Moist or wet oligotrophic grassland			

	E5	Woodland fringes and clearings and tall forb stands		
!!!!!!!!	E5.4 E5.41 E5.411 E5.4111 E5.4112 E5.4113 E5.414 E5.415 E5.42 E5.423 E5.424	Moist or wet tall-herb and fern fringes and meadows Screens or veils of perennial tall herbs lining watercourses Watercourse veils (other than of [Filipendula]) [Angelica archangelica] fluvial communities [Angelica heterocarpa] fluvial communities [Althaea officinalis] screens Continental river bank tall-herb communities dominated by [Filipendula] Eastern nemoral riverbanks with tall herb communities Tall-herb communities of humid meadows Continental tall-herb communities of humid meadows Eastern nemoral Tall-herb communities of humid meadows		
	E6	Inland salt steppes		
!!	E6.1 E6.2	Mediterranean inland salt steppes Continental inland salt steppes includes the following subtype separately listed in or split unit from the 1998 version: E6.23 Central Eurasian solonchak grassland with [Crypsis]		
	E7	Sparsely wooded grasslands		
!	E7.3	Dehesa		
	F	Heathland, scrub and tundra		
	F2	Arctic, alpine and subalpine scrub		
!!!	F2.2 F2.22 F2.224 F2.225 F2.26	Evergreen alpine and subalpine heath and scrub Alpide acidocline [Rhododendron] heaths Carpathian [Rhododendron kotschyi] heaths Balkan [Rhododendron kotschyi] heaths [Bruckenthalia] heaths		
	F3	Temperate and mediterranean-montane scrub		
!	F3.2 F3.24 F3.241	Submediterranean deciduous thickets and brushes Subcontinental and continental deciduous thickets Central European subcontinental thickets		
!!!	F4 F4.1 F4.2 F4.3	Temperate shrub heathland Wet heaths Dry heaths Macaronesian heaths		
	F5	Maquis, arborescent matorral and thermo-Mediterranean brushes		
!!	F5.5 F5.52 F5.54	Thermo-Mediterranean scrub [Euphorbia dendroides] formations [Chamaerops humilis] brush		

! ! !	F5.55 F5.56 F5.5B	Mediterranean pre-desert scrub Thermo-Mediterranean broom fields (retamares) Cabo de Sao Vicente brushes		
	F6	Garrigue		
! !	F6.7 F6.8	Mediterranean gypsum scrubs Xero-halophile scrubs		
!	F7	Spiny Mediterranean heaths (phrygana, hedgehog-heaths and related coastal cliff vegetation)		
	F9	Riverine and fen scrubs		
! F9.1 Riverine scrub ! F9.3 Southern riparian galleries and thickets (Excluding F9.35: Riperian stands of inv		Riverine scrub Southern riparian galleries and thickets (Excluding F9.35: Riperian stands of invasive shrubs)		
	G	Woodland, forest and other wooded land		
	G1	Broadleaved deciduous woodland		
! ! !	G1.1 G1.11 G1.12 G1.13	Riparian and gallery woodland, with dominant [Alnus], [Betula], [Populus] or [Salix] Riverine [Salix] woodland Boreo-alpine riparian galleries Southern [Alnus] and [Betula] galleries		
!!!!	G1.2 G1.21 G1.22 G1.221 G1.223 G1.224	Mixed riparian floodplain and gallery woodland Riverine [Fraxinus] - [Alnus] woodland, wet at high but not at low water Mixed [Quercus] - [Ulmus] - [Fraxinus] woodland of great rivers Great medio-European fluvial forests Southeast European [Fraxinus] - [Quercus] - [Alnus] forests Po [Quercus] - [Fraxinus] - [Alnus] forests		
!!!!	G1.3 G1.36 G1.37 G1.38 G1.39	Mediterranean riparian woodland Ponto-Sarmatic mixed [Populus] riverine forests Irano-Anatolian mixed riverine forests [Platanus orientalis] woods [Liquidambar orientalis] woods		
!!!	G1.4 G1.41 G1.411 G1.4115 G1.414 G1.44	Broadleaved swamp woodland not on acid peat [Alnus] swamp woods not on acid peat Meso-eutrophic swamp alder woods Eastern Carpathian [Alnus glutinosa] swamp woods Steppe swamp [Alnus glutinosa] woods Wet-ground woodland of the Black and Caspian Seas		
!	G1.5 G1.51	Broadleaved swamp woodland on acid peat Sphagnum [Betula] woods		
!	G1.6	[Fagus] woodland		
!	G1.7	Thermophilous deciduous woodland (excluding G1.7D Castanea sativa woodland) includes the following subtypes separately listed in or split units from the 1998 version:		

		G1.7B [Quercus pyrenaica] woodland G1.7C Mixed thermophilous woodland		
!	G1.8	Acidophilous [Quercus]-dominated woodland		
	G1.A	Meso- and eutrophic [Quercus], [Carpinus], [Fraxinus], [Acer], [Tilia], [Ulmus] and related woodland		
!!	G1.A1 G1.A4	[Quercus] - [Fraxinus] - [Carpinus betulus] woodland on eutrophic and mesotrophic soils Ravine and slope woodland		
!	G1.A7	Mixed deciduous woodland of the Black and Caspian Seas		
!	G2	Broadleaved evergreen woodland (excluding G2.8 Highly artificial broadleaved evergreen forestry plantations and G2.9 Evergreen orchards and groves)		
	G3	Coniferous woodland		
	G3.1	[Abies] and [Picea] woodland		
!	G3.15	Southern Apennine [Abies alba] forests		
!	G3.16	Moesian [Abies alba] forests		
!	G3.17	Balkano-Pontic [Abies] forests		
!	G3.19	[Abies pinsapo] forests		
!	G3.1B	Alpine and Carpathian subalpine [Picea] forests		
!	G3.1C	Inner range montane [Picea] forests		
!	G3.1D	Hercynian subalpine [Picea] forests		
	G3.1E	Southern European [Picea abies] forests		
!	G3.1E1	Southeastern Moesian [Picea abies] forests		
!	G3.1E3	Montenegrine [Picea abies] forests		
!	G3.1E4	Pelagonide [Picea abies] forests		
!	G3.1E5	Balkan Range [Picea abies] forests		
! G3.1G [Picea omorika] forests				
!	G3.1H	[Picea orientalis] forests		
	G3.2	Alpine [Larix] - [Pinus cembra] woodland		
!	G3.21	Eastern Alpine siliceous [Larix] and [Pinus cembra] forests		
!	G3.22	Eastern Alpine calcicolous [Larix] and [Pinus cembra] forests		
!	G3.25	Carpathian [Larix] and [Pinus cembra] forests		
!	G3.26	[Larix polonica] forests		
	G3.3 G3.31	[Pinus uncinata] woodland [Pinus uncinata] forests with [Rhododendron ferrugineum]		
!	G3.32	Xerocline [Pinus uncinata] forests		
	G3.4	[Pinus sylvestris] woodland south of the taiga		
!	G3.41	Caledonian forest		
	G3.42	Middle European [Pinus sylvestris] forests		
	G3.423	Western Eurasian steppe pine forests		
!	G3.4232	Sarmatic steppe [Pinus sylvestris] forests		
!	G3.4233	Carpathian steppe [Pinus sylvestris] woods		
!	G3.4234	Pannonic steppe [Pinus sylvestris] woods		
	G3.44	Spring heath [Pinus sylvestris] forests		
!	G3.442	Carpathian relict calcicolous [Pinus sylvestris] forests		
!	G3.4C	Southeastern European [Pinus sylvestris] forests		

!	G3.4E	Ponto-Caucasian [Pinus sylvestris] forests		
	G3.5	[Pinus nigra] woodland		
!				
!	G3.52	Western Balkanic [Pinus nigra] forests		
!	G3.53	[Pinus salzmannii] forests		
!	G3.54	Corsican [Pinus laricio] forests		
!	G3.55 Calabrian [Pinus laricio] forests			
!	G3.56			
!	G3.6	Subalpine mediterranean [Pinus] woodland		
	G3.7	Lowland to montane mediterranean [Pinus] woodland (excluding [Pinus nigra])		
	G3.71	Maritime [Pinus pinaster ssp. atlantica] forests		
!	G3.711	Charente [Pinus pinaster ssp. atlantica] - [Quercus ilex] forests		
!	G3.712	Aquitanian [Pinus pinaster ssp. atlantica] - [Quercus suber] forests		
!	G3.714	Iberian [Pinus pinaster ssp. atlantica] forests		
!	G3.72	[Pinus pinaster ssp. pinaster] ([Pinus mesogeensis]) forests		
!	G3.73	[Pinus pinea] forests		
	G3.74	[Pinus halepensis] forests		
!	G3.741	Iberian [Pinus halepensis] forests		
	! G3.742 Balearic [Pinus halepensis] forests			
!	, , ,			
!	G3.744 G3.745			
!!	G3.745 G3.746	Sardinian [Pinus halepensis] woods Sicilian [Pinus halepensis] woods		
٠	G3.740 G3.747	Italic [Pinus halepensis] forests		
!	G3.7471	Gargano [Pinus halepensis] forests		
!		G3.7471 Gargano [Pinus halepensis] forests G3.7472 Metapontine [Pinus halepensis] forests		
!	G3.7472 G3.7473			
!	G3.748			
!	G3.749			
!	•			
!	G3.75	[Pinus brutia] forests		
!	G3.8	Canary Island [Pinus canariensis] woodland		
!	G3.9	Coniferous woodland dominated by [Cupressaceae] or [Taxaceae] includes the following subtypes separately listed in or split unit from the 1998 version: G3.9C [Cedrus] woodland		
!	G3.D	Boreal bog conifer woodland		
!	G3.E	Nemoral bog conifer woodland		
_	Н	Inland unvegetated or sparsely vegetated habitats		
!	H1	Terrestrial underground caves, cave systems, passages and waterbodies		
	H2 H2.6 H2.61	Screes Calcareous and ultra-basic screes of warm exposures Peri-Alpine thermophilous screes		

## ! H2.613 Paris Basin screes

	X	Habitat complexes
!	X01	Estuaries
!	X02	Saline coastal lagoons
!	X03	Brackish coastal lagoons
!	X04	Raised bog complexes
!	X18	Wooded steppe
!	X29	Salt lake islands
!	X35	New EUNIS complex! "Inland Sand Dunes"