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CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF EUROPEAN WILDLIFE
AND NATURAL HABITATS

CONVENTION RELATIVE A LA CONSERVATION DE LA VIE SAUVAGE
ET DU MILIEU NATUREL DE L'EUROPE

Standing Committee
Comité permanent

31st meeting
31^e Réunion

Strasbourg, 29 November - 2 December 2011
Strasbourg, 29 novembre – 2 décembre 2011

BIENNIAL REPORTS (2007-2008)

RAPPORTS BIENNAUX (2007-2008)

*Memorandum drawn up by
the Directorate of Democratic Governance, Culture and Diversity*

*Note du Secrétariat Général établie par
la Direction de la Gouvernance démocratique, de la Culture et de la Diversité*

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ALBANIA / ALBANIE

COMPETENT AUTHORITIES TO GRANT EXCEPTIONS:

Nature Protection Policies Directorate
 Ministry of Environment, Forests and Water Administration
Address: Rruga e Durrësit, No.27,
Tirana - ALBANIA

Albania in the framework of the European integration of the country, especially after the signature of the Stabilization and Approximation Agreement with the EU, in June 2006, has entered a new phase.

In this context the National Plan for the Approximation of the Legislation with the EU ‘*environmental acquis*’ has been elaborated. A number of new laws are foreseen to be drafted and approved in the field of nature and biodiversity protection. The transposition of the Birds Directive in such regards planned for short-term legal initiatives was completed successfully with the new law “On the protection of wild fauna” no.10006, dated 23.10.2008.

In the same year the Law “On the determination of rules and procedures on international trade in endangered species of wild fauna and flora”, No. 9867, dated 31.1.2008 was enacted as well.

EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES:

There were no exceptions made for the biennium 2007-2008 concerning strictly protected flora species.

EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX II):

Name of species	No. of licenses	No. of individuals (when practical)	Action permitted (a to f)	Reason	Means of killing/ /capture	Impact on population
-	-	-	-	-	-	-

EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING FALCONRY:

According to the provisions of the Law no. 7875, dated 23.11.1994 “On the protection of wild fauna and hunting”, amended and of the new Law “On the protection of wild fauna”, No. 10006, dated 23.10.2008, falconry is not allowed in Albania.

However, this kind of hunting is never been practiced in Albania, due to the absence of tradition and conditions as well.

EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX III):

<u>Name of the species</u>	<u>Exceptions made</u>
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Kindly note that the table below is not representing exceptions, but just to give the general information of the Appendix III species, whose hunting is allowed based on the inventories and populations assessment carried out on a biennial basis.

Species name	Hunting season	Hunted individuals
<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>	1.09-30.09	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>	1.09-31.10	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Anas penelope</i>	1.10-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	1.10-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Anas crecca</i>	1.10-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Anas streptera</i>	1.10-28.2	A quota of 3 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Anas clypeata</i>	1.10-28.2	A quota of 3 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Anas querquedula</i>	1.10-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established

<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	1.10-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Fulica atra</i>	1.10-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Alectoris graeca</i>	15.10-31.01	A quota of 2 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Columbia livia</i>	15.10-31.01	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Galerida cristata</i>	15.10-31.01	A quota of 10 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Alauda arvensis</i>	15.10-31.01	A quota of 15 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Turdus merula</i>	1.11-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	1.11-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>	1.11-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established
<i>Turdus pilaris</i>	01.11-28.02	A quota of 5 individuals per day per hunter is established

EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF MEANS OF CAPTURE AND KILLING SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX IV:

According to the provisions of two laws related to wild fauna and hunting namely the Law no. 7875, dated 23.11.1994 “On the protection of wild fauna and hunting”, amended and the new Law no. 10006, dated 23.10.2008 “On wild fauna protection” the prohibited means of capture and killing as listed in the Bern Convention text are applicable.

For the biennium 2007-2008 there were no exceptions made referring to this issue.

BELGIUM / BELGIQUE**WALLONIE**

DÉROGATION AUX ARTICLES 5, 6, 7, et 8.

Autorité habilitée à déclarer que ces conditions ont été réalisées et à prendre les décisions relatives aux moyens qui peuvent être mis en oeuvre, à leurs limites et aux personnes chargées de l'exécution :

L'Inspecteur général du Département de la nature et des Forêts

Avenue Prince de Liège 15

5100 JAMBES

BELGIQUE

1. DEROGATIONS CONCERNANT DES ESPECES DE FLORE STRICTEMENT PROTEGEES

Nom de l'espèce	Nombre de permis délivrés	Nombre de spécimens (si possible)	Motif de délivrance des permis ¹	Impact sur la population
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2. DEROGATIONS CONCERNANT DES ESPECES DE FAUNE STRICTEMENT PROTEGEES (ANNEXE II)

Nom de l'espèce	Nombre de permis délivrés	Nombre d'individus (si possible)	Action autorisée (a à f)	Motif (i à v)	Moyen de mise à mort/capture	Impact sur la population
	2	70 adultes+juvéniles+larves	c	iv	NC	-
	2	80 adultes+juvéniles+larves	c	iv	NC	-
	2	40 adultes + juvéniles + larves	c	iv	NC	-
	4	110 adultes + œufs	c	iv	NC	-
	3	55 adultes + juvéniles et larves	c	iv	NC	-
		105 adultes + juvéniles + larves	c	iv	NC	-
	1	NC	a,c	iv	Pièges	-
	1	NC	a,c	iv	Pièges	-
	3	NC	a,c	iv	NC	-
	2	120 et NC	c	iii,iv	NC	-
	1	NC	c	iv	NC	-
	2	NC	c,d	iii,iv	Pièges	-

¹ A – recherche/éducation/repeuplement ou réintroduction
B – exploitation
C – autre intérêt public prioritaire (lequel ?)

FLEMISH REGION

Autorité habilitée à déclarer que ces conditions ont été réalisées et à prendre les décisions relatives aux moyens qui peuvent être mis en oeuvre, à leurs limites et aux personnes chargées de l'exécution :

Vlaamse Overheid - Flemish Government
 Agentschap voor Natuur en Bos - Agency for Nature and Forests
 Koning Albert II-laan 20 bus 8, 1000 Brussel
 Belgium

1. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES

Name of the species	Number of licences	Number of specimens (when practical)	Reasons for issuing of licences ³	Impact on population

2. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX II)

Other species than birds.

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of individuals (when practical)	Action permitted (a to f)	Reason (i to v)
<i>Myotis bechsteinii</i>	1	1	c	iv
<i>Hyla arborea</i>	1	1	c	iv
<i>Myotis brandtii</i>	1	25	c	iv
<i>Phocoena phocoena</i>	1	1	f	iv
<i>Myotis nattereri</i>	2	26	c, f	iv
<i>Plecotus auritus</i>	2	11	c, f	iv
<i>Coronella austriaca</i>	1	1	c	iv
<i>Cricetus cricetus</i>	1	3	c, f	iv
<i>Rana arvalis</i>	1	2	c	iv
<i>Myotis emarginatus</i>	3	12	c	i, iii, iv
<i>Triturus cristatus</i>	1	1	c	iv
<i>Pelobates fuscus</i>	1	1	c	iv
<i>Myotis dasycneme</i>	2	6	c	iv
<i>Lutra lutra</i>	4	13	c, f	iv

<i>Bufo calamita</i>	4	92	c, f	i, iv
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	1	9	c	iv
<i>Myotis daubentonii</i>	1	25	c	iv
<i>Felis sylvestres</i>	2	2	c, f	iv
<i>Sp. Chiroptera</i>	6	13	c, d, f	iv
<i>Osmoderma eremita</i>	3	111	c	iv
<i>Graphoderus bilineatus</i>	1	1	c	iv
<i>Cerambyx cerdo</i>	1	1	f	iv

3. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING FALCONRY

For each species used in falconry, state (use a separate sheet for each species) :

Name of species:

Number of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention) :

Origin of birds : % captured from the wild in the State

 % imported

 % reared in captivity

Estimated population in the wild (in the State) :

Number of birds captured from the wild each year :

Number of birds imported (specify country of origin) :

Means authorised for capture:

Controls involved:

4. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX III)⁴

Other species than birds.

Name of the species	Exceptions made
<i>Bufo bufo</i>	4 specimen(s);i;Capture
<i>Bufo bufo</i>	4 specimen(s);i;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Bufo bufo</i>	4 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Bufo bufo</i>	4 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Bufo bufo</i>	7 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Bufo bufo</i>	23 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Castor fiber</i>	2 specimen(s);i;Transport
<i>Castor fiber</i>	4 specimen(s);iii;Deliberate destruction in the wild
<i>Castor fiber</i>	4 specimen(s);iii;Destruction of resting places
<i>Castor fiber</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Castor fiber</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Deliberate disturbance during the

⁴ If exceptions concern the prohibited means of capture and killing for Appendix III species, use the form 2.4 on Appendix IV.

	period of rearing
<i>Castor fiber</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Castor fiber</i>	4 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Castor fiber</i>	5 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Erinaceus europaeus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Erinaceus europaeus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Deliberate disturbance during the period of rearing
<i>Erinaceus europaeus</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Halichoerus grypus</i>	specimen(s);i;Capture
<i>Halichoerus grypus</i>	specimen(s);i;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Halichoerus grypus</i>	1 specimen(s);i;Transport
<i>Halichoerus grypus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Halichoerus grypus</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Lepus europaeus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Lepus europaeus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Lepus europaeus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Lepus europaeus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Lucanus cervus</i>	4 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Lucanus cervus</i>	101 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Lynx lynx</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Lynx lynx</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Lynx lynx</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Martes foina</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Martes foina</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Martes foina</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Martes foina</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Martes martes</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Martes martes</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Martes martes</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Meles meles</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Meles meles</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Deliberate disturbance during the period of rearing
<i>Meles meles</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Meles meles</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Meles meles</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Meles meles</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Muscardinus avellanarius</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Muscardinus avellanarius</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Deliberate disturbance during the period of breeding
<i>Muscardinus avellanarius</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Deliberate disturbance during the period of rearing
<i>Mustela erminea</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Mustela erminea</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Mustela erminea</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Mustela erminea</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Mustela nivalis</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Mustela nivalis</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Mustela nivalis</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Mustela nivalis</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Mustela putorius</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Mustela putorius</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Mustela putorius</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Mustela putorius</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Phoca vitulina</i>	specimen(s);i;Capture
<i>Phoca vitulina</i>	specimen(s);i;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Phoca vitulina</i>	4 specimen(s);i;Transport
<i>Phoca vitulina</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Phoca vitulina</i>	10 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Phoca vitulina</i>	23 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing

<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Rana temporaria</i>	4 specimen(s);i;Capture
<i>Rana temporaria</i>	4 specimen(s);i;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Rana temporaria</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Rana temporaria</i>	4 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Rana temporaria</i>	6 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Rana temporaria</i>	10 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Rana temporaria</i>	25 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Salamandra salamandra</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Salamandra salamandra</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Salamandra salamandra</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Deliberate disturbance during the period of rearing
<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>	4 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>	12 specimen(s);iv;Stuffing
<i>Sp. Soricidae</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Deliberate disturbance during the period of rearing
<i>Sp. Soricidae</i>	3 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Triturus alpestris</i>	4 specimen(s);i;Capture
<i>Triturus alpestris</i>	4 specimen(s);i;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Triturus alpestris</i>	4 specimen(s);iv;Capture for keeping in captivity
<i>Triturus alpestris</i>	6 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Triturus alpestris</i>	11 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)
<i>Triturus alpestris</i>	15 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Triturus helveticus</i>	1 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Triturus vulgaris</i>	2 specimen(s);iv;Transport
<i>Triturus vulgaris</i>	6 specimen(s);iv;Capture
<i>Triturus vulgaris</i>	6 specimen(s);iv;Keeping (in captivity)

5. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF MEANS OF CAPTURE AND KILLING SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX IV

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of specimens	Reasons	Method used	Impact on population
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

BRUSSELS REGION

NO DEROGATION HAS BEEN DELIVERED

CYPRUS / CHYPRE



REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, NATURAL RESOURCES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Prepared by
Environment Department
Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources
and Environment
September 2011

1. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES

No exceptions granted

2. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX II)

No exceptions granted

3. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING FALCONRY

No exceptions granted

4. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX III)

<u>Name of the species</u>	<u>Exceptions made</u>
(i) <i>Gyps fulvus</i>	7 individuals in captivity for research purposes, technical reproduction and education of the public (2 at the Limassol zoo).
(ii) <i>Ovis gmelini ophion</i>	15-20 individuals in captivity for breeding purposes

5. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF MEANS OF CAPTURE AND KILLING SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX II

No exceptions granted

MALTA / MALTE**1. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES**

Name of the species	Number of licences	Number of specimens (when practical)	Reasons for issuing of licences ⁵	Impact on population
nil	nil	nil	nil	nil

⁵ A – for research/education/repopulation or reintroduction
B – for exploitation
C – for other overriding public interest (which?)

2. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX II)

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of individuals (when practical)	Action permitted (a to f)	Reason (i to v)	Means of killing/capture	Impact on population
<i>Gibbula nivosa</i>	2007 – 1 2008 – 1	2007 – 69 2008 – 184	c, d	i, iv	Sediment samples, hand picking. Specimens were then released back at the site of collection	N/A
<i>Aphanius fasciatus</i>	2007 – 1 2008 – 1	2007 – 40 2008 – 1039	c, d	i, iv	Hand nets, minnow traps. Captured individuals were then released.	N/A
<i>Podarcis filfolensis</i>	2008 – 1	2008 – 27	c, d	i, iv	Traditional method of capture (grass noose). Captured individuals were then released.	N/A
<i>Grampus griseus</i>	2008 – 1	2008 - 1	c	iv	Biopsy sampling of dead or stranded specimens	N/A
<i>Delphinus delphis</i>	2008 – 1	2008 – 1	c	iv	Biopsy sampling of dead or stranded specimens	N/A
<i>Microchiroptera</i>	2007 – 1	2007 – 3 <i>Plecotus austriacus</i> 2007 – 46 <i>Rhinolophus hipposideros</i> 2007 – 10 <i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i> 2007 – 5 <i>Myotis punicus</i>	c, d	i, iv	Hand nets, mist nets, by hand. Captured individuals were then released.	N/A
<i>Caretta caretta</i> , <i>Chelonia mydas</i> , <i>Dermochelys coriacea</i> , <i>Lepidochelys kempii</i> , <i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i>	2007 – 1 2008 - 2	2007 – 20 <i>Caretta caretta</i> 2008 - 27 <i>Caretta caretta</i>	c	iv	Rehabilitation of injured, weak and/or accidentally captured turtles. Biopsy sampling of dead or stranded specimens. Tissue samples (<1g) taken from specimens undergoing rehabilitation. Small samples of tissue or bone taken from dead or museums specimens.	N/A

3. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING FALCONRY

For each species used in falconry, state (use a separate sheet for each species): N/A

Name of species:

Number of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention) :

Origin of birds: % captured from the wild in the State

 % imported

 % reared in captivity

Estimated population in the wild (in the State):

Number of birds captured from the wild each year:

Number of birds imported (specify country of origin):

Means authorised for capture:

Controls involved:

4. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX III)⁶

Name of the species	Exceptions made
<i>Tarentola mauritanica</i>	2008 - 1

⁶ If exceptions concern the prohibited means of capture and killing for Appendix III species, use the form 2.4 on Appendix IV.

5. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF MEANS OF CAPTURE AND KILLING SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX IV

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of specimens	Reasons	Method used	Impact on population
<i>Aphanius fasciatus</i>	2007 – 1 2008 – 1	2007 – 40 2008 – 1039	a, d	Hand nets, minnow traps. Captured individuals were then released.	N/A
<i>Microchiroptera</i>	2007 – 1	2007 – 3 <i>Plecotus austriacus</i> 2007 – 46 <i>Rhinolophus hipposideros</i> 2007 – 10 <i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i> 2007 – 5 <i>Myotis punicus</i>	a, d	Hand nets, mist nets, by hand. Captured individuals were then released.	N/A

Milvus migrans – rare species, about 20 -30 pair is in Moldova.

Milvus milvus – In the republic this species wasn't recorded for many years. It is included in Red Book of Moldova

Haliaeetus albicilla. Once it was rare sedentary species. At present the species wasn't recorded on breeding. In migration period it is a common but not numerous species. It keeps near the wet zones, in connection with this it can be observed more often in the flood plains of river valleys, sometimes in groups. Sometimes the birds can be observed in the cold period of the year. Lately it became more rare. It is a critically endangered species, menaced with disappearance. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Neophron percnopterus. It is a typical habitant of the rocky sectors from Nistru and Prut valleys. Up to 80' s 12-15 pairs were registered on breeding. In the following years its number decreased to 3-5 pairs. At present it can be met sporadically. It is critically endangered species included in the Red Book of Moldova

Circaetus gallicus. There is no information about this species breeding. Very seldom it can be met in open land landscapes as passage species in the migration period in the Nistru and Prut valleys in Codri forest. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Circus cyaneus. On migrations it is a common not numerous species of Nistru and Prut valleys. It can be met in this period rather often in open land pasture type landscape, in agricultural landscape. It is possible that 3-5 pairs are breeding. There are no exact data on this species nesting. In winter period the species number is moderately low. In the last year the species became rarer. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Circus macrourus. It can be met mainly in the southern part of the republic. At present it is the rarest harrier species in Moldova. It can be observed very seldom on migrations and in winter period in open lands. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Circus pygargus. It is rare breeding species. It prefers the wet landscapes, in this connection it can be more often met in wet flood plains (wet meadows, the banks of lakes and water reservoirs overgrown with rare shrubs). It is a low number species on migrations. Its number is of 1-3 pairs. In the winter period it can be recorded rarely. In the last years it can be registered some number increasing of the breeding birds. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Aquila pomarina. It is a rare breeding a common on migrations species. It can be met in the flood plain forests of Nistru and Prut valleys, as well as in Codri forest in the places where old, long-boled forest stands are preserved. No more than 1-3 pairs are breeding. In the future we can assume some decreasing of population number. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Aquila clanga. It is very rare breeding and passage species. It inhabits the old forests and prefers the wet areas. There is a trend toward the decreasing of population number. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Aquila heliaca. Once it was a breeding species. It is a very rare passage species in the woods of forest and forest-steppe zones. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Aquila rapax. Before, the species was recorded very seldom in the fauna of Moldova on migrations mainly in the southern zone. At present there is no information about the recording of this species in Moldova. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Aquila chrysaetus. It is a very rare in the migration period species. Mainly it passes over our territory by transit, stopping sometimes in Codri forest zone. The number is relatively stable. Doesn't spent the winter in our country. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Hieraetus pennatus. This eagle is the most common for the republic fauna. It prefers to breed in forests located on the slope banks of Nistru and Prut rivers, in Codri forest it can be recorded rarer. In the migration period its number is not very high. It is not wintering bird. About 15-20 pairs are breeding. The population number is relatively stable. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Pandion haliaetus. It is a common low number in the migration period species. Sometimes it is recorded as passage species in the breeding and post-reproductive periods. Possibly, it breeds. It

inhabits the wet zones, in this connections stay near the rivers and other water basins with finny clear waters. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Falco naumanni. It is a rare and episodically breeding species. It can be recorded in the southern and seldom in central regions of the republic. It inhabits the rocks and precipices. The probability of migrating birds encountering is higher than of the breeding ones. About 2-5 pairs are breeding. The staying character is not stable. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Falco cherrug. It is a rare breeding species. It inhabits the river slopes, the forests, occupies other species nests, especially of the species that build them on the power line poles (as, for instance, the raven). The species is irregularly spread on the territory of the republic. The highest density is recorded for the southern districts of the country. The spreading and the number of this species are connected with the gopher colonies. The number of breeding birds is of 5-7 pairs. Doesn't spent the winter in our country. The population number is fluctuating. It is included in the Red Book of Moldova.

Number of birds captured from the wild each year: none

Number of birds imported (specify country of origin: none

Means authorized for capture: The permits for keeping the species in captivity are issued by the Ministry of the Environment.

Controls involved: The control of keepers are carried out by the State Ecological Inspectorate

4. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX III)⁸

Name of the species

Exceptions made

No exceptions granted for the biennium 2007-2008.

5. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF MEANS OF CAPTURE AND KILLING SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX IV

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of specimens	Reasons	Method used	Impact on population
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

The exceptions concerning the killing of the species included in Appendixes II- IV were not identified.

NETHERLANDS / PAYS – BAS

GENERAL NOTE ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF EUROPEAN

WILDLIFE AND NATURAL HABITATS IN THE TWO-YEAR PERIOD 2007 - 2008

The Netherlands, as the other Members of the European Community, provides the European Commission with annual reports of derogations to the Directive on the Conservation of Wild Birds (79/409/EEC).

The European Community reports this data to the Standing Committee, so we do not include exceptions on wild birds in this biennial report.

All licenses are issued by the ministry of Agriculture, Nature and Food Quality.

1. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES (APPENDIX I)

	Name of the species	Number of licences	Number of specimens (when practical)	Reasons for issuing of licences	Impact on population
Groenknolorchis	Liparis loeselii	2		A,C	none
Drijvende waterweegbree	Luronium natans	3		A,C	none

2. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX II)

Soortnaam:	Name of species	No. of licences	No. of individuals	Action permitted (a to f)	Reason (a to f)	Means of killing / capture	Impact on population
Spitsmuizen	Soricidae	1		c	iv	lifetraps	none
Noordse woelmuis	Microtidae	9		b,c	i,ii,iv	lifetraps	none
Vleermuizen	Chiroptera	1		c	iv	nets	none
Amfibieën	Amphibia (incl. Algemene ontheff.)	13		c	iv		none
Rugstreeppad	Bufo calamita	11		b,c	i,iii,iv	nets	none
Boomkikker	Hyla arborea ssp. arborea	1		c	iv		none
Heikikker	Rana arvalis ssp. arvalis	5		b,c	i,iii		none
Poelkikker	Rana Lessonae	2		b,c	ii,iii		none
Dagvlinders	Rhopalocera	1		c	iv		none
Kevers	Coleoptera	1		c	iv		none
Gestreepte waterroofkever	Graphoderus bilineatus	1		b,c	ii		none
Libellen	Odonata	1		c	iv		none
Groene glazenmaker	Aeshna viridis	1		b,c,e	iii,iv		none
Reptielen	Reptilia (incl. 12 algemene ontheff.)	13		c	iv		none
Gladde slang	Coronella austriaca ssp.	1		b	ii		none

	austriaca					
Zandhagedis	Lacerta agilis ssp. agilis	4	b,c	i,ii,iii		none
	Cricetus cricetus ssp.					
Hamster	canescens	1	c	iv		none
Witsnuitdolfijn	Lagenorhynchus albirostris	1	c	iv		none
Gewone zeehond	Phoca vitulina ssp.vitulina	1	c	iv		none
De Bever	Castor fiber ssp.albicus	5	c	iv		none
Bechsteins vleermuis	Myotis bechsteinii	2	c	iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Brandts vleermuis	Myotis brandtii ssp. brandtii	4	c	iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Meervleermuis	Myotis dasycneme	2	c	iv	nets, lifetraps	none
	Myotis daubentonii ssp.					
Watervleermuis	daubentonii	5	b,c	iii,iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Ingekorven vleermuis	Myotis emarginatus ssp.					
	emarginatus	3	c	iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Vale vleermuis	Myotis myotis ssp. myotis	2	c	iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Gewone baardvleermuis	Myotis mystacinus ssp.					
	mystacinus	5	b,c	iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Franjestaart	Myotis nattereri	5	c	iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Rosse vleermuis	Nyctalus noctula ssp. noctula	2	b,c	iii,iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Ruige dwergvleermuis	Pipistrellus nathusii	3	b,c	iii,iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Gewone grootoorvleermuis	Plecotus auritus ssp. auritus	6	b,c	iii,iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Tuimelaar	Tursiops truncatus	1	c	iv		none
	Eptesicus serotinus ssp.					
Laatvlieger	serotinus	4	b,c	iii,iv	nets, lifetraps	none
Gewone dwergvleermuis	Pipistrellus Pipistrellus ssp.					
	Pipistrellus	15	b,c	ii,iii,iv	nets, lifetraps	none

3. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING FALCONRY

See annual reports of the derogation to the Directive on the Conservation of Wild Birds (79/409/EEC)

4. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX III)

Soortnaam	Name of the species	Exceptions made
	All protected plants and animals	research, education
Geslachten		
Walvisachtigen	Cetacea	research,
Amfibieën	Amphibia	research, education
Gewone pad	Bufo bufo ssp. bufo	education, research
Middelste groene kikker	Rana esculenta	research, education
Poelkikker	Rana lessonae	urbanisation, nature restoration, recreation, public safety
Bruine kikker	Rana temporaria ssp. temporaria	research, education
Alpenwatersalamander	Triturus alpestris ssp. alpestris	urbanisation, recreation, nature restoration
Kleine watersalamander	Triturus vulgaris ssp. vulgaris	education
Kevers	Coleoptera	research
Reptielen	Reptilia	research, education
Hazelworm	Anguis fragilis ssp. fragilis	nature conservation, recreation, urbanisation
Levendbarende hagedis	Lacerta vivipara ssp. vivipara	nature conservation, recreation, road construction
Ringslang	Natrix natrix ssp. helvetica	education
Ringslang	Natrix natrix ssp. helvetica	urbanisation, nature restoration, road

Adder	<i>Vipera berus ssp. berus</i>	construction
Vissen	<i>Pisces s.l.</i>	nature restoration
		research, education
		road construction, depot construction,
		urbanisation, nature restoration, recreation,
		watermanagement, water conservation, public
		safety, public health, nature conservation
Kleine modderkruiper	<i>Cobitis taenia</i>	nature restoration
Rivierprik	<i>Lampetra fluviatilis</i>	nature restoration
Beekprik	<i>Lampetra planeri</i>	nature restoration
		public health, urbanisation, road construction,
Grote modderkruiper	<i>Misgurnus fossilis</i>	nature restoration, public safety
		nature conservation, public safety, recreation,
		public health, urbanisation, nature restoration,
Bittervoorn	<i>Rhodeus sericeus ssp. amarus</i>	road construction
Meerval	<i>Silurus glanis</i>	urbanisation
Zoogdieren	Mammalia	research
Dwergvinvis	<i>Balaenoptera acutorostrata</i>	education
Bever	<i>Castor fiber ssp. albus</i>	research, education,
Veldspitsmuis	<i>Crocidura leucodon ssp. leucodon</i>	research, education, urbanisation
Huisspitsmuis	<i>Crocidura russula ssp. russula</i>	research, education
Egel	<i>Erinaceus europaeus ssp. europaeus</i>	education
Grijze zeehond	<i>Halichoerus grypus</i>	research
Steenmarter	<i>Martes foina</i>	education
Steenmarter	<i>Martes foina</i>	urbanisation
Boommarter	<i>Martes martes</i>	research, repopulation, nature conservation
		urbanisation, recreation, nature restoration,
		public safety, nature conservation, road
		construction
Das	<i>Meles meles</i>	
Spitsdolfijn van Gray	<i>Mesoplodon grayi</i>	
Noordse woelmuis	<i>Microtus oeconomus ssp. arenicola</i>	research
		nature restoration, public safety, road
		construction
Noordse woelmuis	<i>Microtus oeconomus ssp. arenicola</i>	education
Hermelijn	<i>Mustela erminea ssp. erminea</i>	education
Wezel	<i>Mustela nivalis ssp. vulgaris</i>	education
Waterspitsmuis	<i>Neomys fodiens ssp. fodiens</i>	research
		public safety, nature restoration, road
		construction
Waterspitsmuis	<i>Neomys fodiens ssp. fodiens</i>	research
Potvis	<i>Physeter catodon</i>	education, research
Gewone dwergvleermuis	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	urbanisation, nature restoration, public safety,
		road construction, recreation
Gewone dwergvleermuis	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	urbanisation, recreation, road construction
Eekhoorn	<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>	research, education
Gewone bosspitsmuis	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	research, education
Dwergspitsmuis	<i>Sorex minutus</i>	research, education

For “Big game”, namely Red deer (*Cervus elaphus*), Fallow deer (*Dama dama*), Roe deer (*Capreolus capreolus*) and Mouflon (*Ovis musimon*), there is limited bag licence system based on annual censuses.

Exceptions on birds: see annual reports of derogations to the Directive on the Conservation of Wild Birds (79/409/EEC).

5. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF MEANS OF CAPTURE AND KILLING SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX IV

As far as hunting killing/capturing for reasons of prevention of damage to crops, etc. is concerned, no permission is given to use of the means mentioned in Appendix IV.

For the purpose of research and education, repopulation, reintroduction and for necessary breeding mistnets are used for different bat species. For the same reason nets, snares and soft-catch paw traps are used to catch foxes (*Vulpes Vulpes*).

For exception on birds: see annual reports of derogations to the Directive on the Conservation of Wild Birds (79/409/EEC).

INDEX

ACTION PERMITTED

Appendix I Tables

A = Research / education / repopulation / reintroduction

B = Exploitation

C = Other overriding public interest

Appendix II and III

a = deliberate killing

b = deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites

c = deliberate capture and keeping

d = deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

e = deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

f = possession and internal trade

REASON

i = the protection of flora and fauna

ii = to prevent serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii = in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interest

iv = for the purpose of research and education, repopulation, reintroduction and for necessary breeding

v = to permit, under strictly supervised conditions, on a selective basis and to a limited extent, the taking, keeping or

other judicious exploitation of certain wild animals of small numbers

vi = falconry (falconry is dealt with separately)

POLAND / POLOGNE

The authority empowered to take decisions in respect of the means that may be used, their limits and the persons instructed to carry them out is:

**GENERAL DIRECTORATE
FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**
52/54 WAWELSKA STR.
00-922 WARSAW
POLAND

Some decisions are under the references of regional directorates for environmental protection of particular voivodeships

1. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES

Table 1.1 (2007)

Name of the species	Number of licences	Number of specimens (when practical)	Reasons for issuing of licences ⁹	Impact on population
Liparis loeselii	2		A	no
Cypripedium calceolus	1		A	no
Cochlearia polonica	1		A	no
Angelica palustris	1	250	A	no
Luronium natans	1		A	no

Table 1.1 (2008)

Name of the species	Number of licences	Number of specimens (when practical)	Reasons for issuing of licences ¹⁰	Impact on population
Ligularia sibirica	4	55	A	no
Cypripedium calceolus	1		A	no
Liparis loeselii	1		A	no
Cochlearia polonica	1		A	no
Angelica palustris	1		A	no
Thesium ebracteatum	1		A	no

⁹ A – for research/education/repopulation or reintroduction
B – for exploitation
C – for other overriding public interest (which?)

¹⁰ A – for research/education/repopulation or reintroduction
B – for exploitation
C – for other overriding public interest (which?)

2. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX II)

Table 2.1 (year 2007)

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of individuals (when practical)	Action permitted (a to f)	Reason (i to v)	Means of killing/capture	Impact on population
Mammals:						
Canis lupus	2	3	a,d	ii, iv	Firearms, filming	no
Myotis myotis	4	800	b, c, d	iii, iv	Hand, traps, nets, non selective nets	no
Rhinolophus hipposideros	4	100	b, c, d	iv	Hand, traps, nets, photography, non selective nets	no
Ursus arctos	1	1	d	iv	filming	no
Myotis daubentonii	3		c, d	iii, iv	Hand, nets, non selective nets	no
Myotis nattererii	4		b, c, d	iii, iv	Hand, nets, non selective nets	no
Eptesicus serotinus	1		c, d	iii	hand	no
Plecotus auritus	3		b, c, d	iii, iv	Hand, non selective nets	no
Barbastella barbastellus	1		b, c	iii	hand	no
Myotis emarginatus	2		c, d	iv	Nets, non selective nets	no
Myotis brandtii	2		c, d	iv	Nets, non selective nets	no
Myotis mystacinus	2		c, d	iv	Nets, non selective nets	no
Plecotus austriacus	1		c	iv	nets	no
Myotis bechsteinii	1		c, d	iv	non selective nets	no
Eptesicus nilssonii	1		c, d	iv	non selective nets	no
Vespertilio murinus	1		c, d	iv	non selective	no

					nets	
Nyctalus leisleri	1		c, d	iv	non selective nets	no
Birds:						
Haliaeetus albicilla	43	3 nests 37 dead individuals 2 individuals	c, d, f	i, ii, iii, iv	Filming, enter to the protection zone, taxidermy (found dead), by hand	no
Alcedo atthis	6	dead individuals	b, c, d, f	iii, iv	Noise, taxidermy	no
Dryocopus martius	4	2 dead individual	c, d, f	iii, iv	Noise taxidermy (found dead)	No
Dendrocopos medius	3		c, d	iii	noise	no
Picus canus	1		d	iii	noise	no
Aquila pomarina	5	1 nest	c, d	i, ii, iii	enter to the protection zone	no
Ciconia nigra	10	1 nest, 1 dead individual, 1 individual	b, d, f	i, iii, iv	Noise, enter to the protection zone, by hand, baguage	no
Sterna sandvicensis	1		d	iii		no
Tadorna tadorna	1		d	iii		no
Ciconia ciconia	21	143, 24 nests, 1 uninhabited nest	b, c, d, f	i, iii, iv	Capture, noise, by hand, keeping to reach independence	no
Ixobrychus minutus	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Pernis apivorus	2	1 dead individual	c, d	iii, iv	Noise, taxidermy	No
Milvus migrans	2		d	i, iii	Noise	No
Circaetus gallicus	2	dead individuals	d	iii, iv	Noise, taxidermy	No
Circus aeruginosus	4	1, dead individuals	c, d	i, iii, iv	Noise, move to remedial centre,	No

					taxiderm y	
Circus pygargus	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Porzana porzana	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Porzana parva	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Crex crex	2	1 dead individual	c, d	iii, iv	Noise, taxiderm y	No
Grus grus	2	1 dead individuals	c, d	iii, iv	Noise, taking photos	No
Sterna hirundo	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Sterna albifrons	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Chlidonias niger	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Luscinia svecica	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Botaurus stellaris	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Cygnus columbian us bewickii	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Cygnus cygnus	3		d, f	iii, iv	Noise	No
Milvus milvus	4		d	i, iii	Noise	No
Pandion haliaetus	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Falco columbariu s	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Phalaropus lobatus	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Larus minutus	2		d, f	iii	Noise, taxiderm y	No
Bubo bubo	2	2	c, d	iii, iv	Noise	No
Sylvia nosoria	2		d	iii	Noise	No
Ficedula parva	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Ficedula albicollis	1		d	iii	Noise	No
Lanius collurio	6		b, c, d, f	iii, iv	Noise, taxiderm y	No
Falco peregrinus	2	3	c, d	iv	Filming, cage	no
Strix nebulosa	1		c	iv	enter to the protectio n zone	no
Prunella modularis	2		b, d, f	iii, iv	taxiderm y	no

Sylvia atricapilla	4		b, c, d, f	iii, iv	taxidermy	no
Buteo buteo	6	3 individuals, dead individuals	c, f	iv	taxidermy	no
Carduelis spinus	2	dead individuals	c, f	iv	taxidermy	no
Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	3	300	c, d, f	iii, iv	taxidermy	no
Accipiter gentilis	6	dead individuals	c, f	iv	taxidermy	no
Accipiter nisus	5	dead individual	c, f	iv	taxidermy	no
Regulus regulus	1		f	iv	taxidermy	no
Dendrocopos minor	1		d	iii		no
Jynx torquilla	2		d	iii		no
Sylvia curruca	1		d	iii		no
Phylloscopus collybita	2		b, d	iii		no
Carduelis chloris	2		d	iii		no
Emberiza citrinella	3	Dead individuals	b, d, f	iii, iv	By hand	no
Sylvia communis	3		b, d	iii		no
Acrocephalus palustris	2		b, d	iii		no
Sylvia borin	3		b, d	iii		no
Parus major	2		b, c, d	iii	By hand, taxidermy	no
Falco tinnunculus	8	2 nests, 7 individuals, 1 dead individual	c, d, e	i, iii, iv	Transport eggs and nestling, keeping and releasing, move to remedial centre, taxidermy, filming	no
Tringa hypoleucos	1		b, d	iii		no
Erithacus rubecula	5	dead individuals	b, c, d, f	iii, iv	By hand, taxidermy	no
Luscinia luscinia	3	1 dead individual	b, d	iii, iv	taxidermy	no
Saxicola rubicola	1		b, d	iii		no

Locustella naevia	2		b, d	iii		no
Serinus serinus	2		b, d	iii		no
Carduelis carduelis	2		b, d	iii		no
Carpodacus erythrinus	2		b, d	iii		no
Emberiza schoeniclus	2		b, d	iii		no
Saxicola torquata	1		b, d	iii		no
Locustella fluviatilis	1		b, d	iii		no
Phylloscopus trochilus	1		b, d	iii		no
Motacilla alba	1	1 nest	c	i	Transfer nest from the construction site	no
Dendrocopos major	5		b, c, d	iii, iv	By hand, taxidermy	no
Sitta europea	1		d	iv		no
Troglodytes troglodytes	1		d	iv		no
Aquila chrysaetos	2		c, d	iv		no
Aegolius funereus	1		d	i		no
Delichon urbica	1		b	iii		no
Tetrao urogallus	8	52 dead individuals	c, d, f	ii, iv	realising, breeding, taxidermy	no
Strix aluco	8	dead individuals, 20	c, f	iv	By hand, taxidermy	no
Muscicapa striata	1	1	f	iv	By hand	no
Picus viridis	1	1	f	iv	By hand	no
Burhinus oedicephalus	1	2	c	iv	cage	no
Aquila nipalensis	1	2	c	iv	cage	no
Asio otus	4	2 dead individual	c, f	iv	By hand, taxidermy	no
Dendrocopos syriacus	1		d	iv		no
Tyto alba	3	dead individuals	c, d	iv	taxidermy, filming	no

Podiceps auritus	1	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Oriolus oriolus	2	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Aegithalos	1	1 dead individual	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Bombysilla garrulus	1	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Carduelis cannabina	1	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Certhia familiaris	1	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Lanius excubitor	1	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Parus caeruleus	1		d	i	Construction	no
Parus palustris	1	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Merops apiaster	1	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Coracias garrulus	1	dead individuals	c	iv	taxidermy	no
Amphibians:						
Bombina bombina	1		d	i	Construction	no
Hyla arborea	1		d	i	Construction	no
Pelobates fuscus	1		d	i	Construction	no
Rana arvalis	1		d	i	Construction	no
Reptiles:						
Emys orbicularis	2	120	b, c	i	hands	no
Elaphe situla	1	265	c	iv	By hand	no
Coronella austriaca	1		d	iv	Filming and photographing	no
Elaphe longissima	1		d	iv	Filming and photographing	no
Invertebrates:						
Cerambyx cerdo	2		b, c	iii, iv	By hand	no
Osmoidea eremita	1		c	iv	By hand	no
Maculinea nausithous	1		c	iv	nets	no
Lycaena dispar	1		c	iv	nets	no
Maculinea teleius	1		c	iv	nets	no

Table 2.1 (year 2008)

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of individuals (when practical)	Action permitted (a to f)	Reason (i to v)	Means of killing/capture	Impact on population
Mammals:						
Canis lupus	6	26	c, d	iv	Tape recorders, Traps which are non selective according to their principle or their use	no
Myotis myotis	3	100	b, c	iii, iv	Hand, non selective nets	no
Lutra lutra	2	4	c	iv		no
Rhinolophus hipposideros	1		d	iv	Video recording	no
Mustela lutreola	1		d	iv		no
Ursus arctos	1		d	iv		no
Hippolais icterina	1		d	iv		no
Birds:						
Haliaeetus albicilla	15	296 (2 nests) 2 1 2 1 nest	d c d	i, ii, iii, iv iv ii	staying in the protection zones and looking for nets photographing	no
Aquila pomarina	2	1 nest	d	ii	staying in the protection zones	no
Sylvia atricapilla	1	120 (eggs)	d	iv	By hand	no
Parus major	3	60 20 (eggs)	a, d	I, iii, iv	taking of eggs by hand, killing using izofluaran (sleep)	no
Aquila chrysaetos	1	1	c		Moving motor vehicles	no
Circus pygargus	4	5	c, d, e	iii, iv	Construction, noise, by hand	no
Ciconia ciconia	8	2 nests 2 individuals	b, c, d	iii, i, ii, iv	By hand, noise, construction	no
Delichon urbica	3	nests	c, c	i, iii, iv	By hand	no
Accipiter gentilis	3	1	d	i, iii	noise	no
Falco tinnunculus	5	1 35 nests	c, d	i, iii, iv	Web camera, by hand	no
Ciconia nigra	4	nests	d	i, ii, iii	construction	no
Milvus	4	nests	c, d	i, ii,		no

milvus				iii, iv		
Hirundo rustica	3		c, d	iii, iv	By hands, constructions	no
Sterna hirundo	1		c	iv	By hands	no
Mergus albellus	2		d	iii	construction	no
Tringa hypoleucos	1		d	iii	construction	no
Riparia riparia	1		d	iii	construction	no
Parus montanus	1		d	iii	construction	no
Carduelis flammea	1		d	iii	construction	no
Carduelis spinus	2		d	i, iii	construction	no
Crex crex	3		d	iii	construction	no
Dendrocopos syriacus	1		d	iii	construction	no
Acrocephalus arundinaceus	1		b	iii	Noise, construction	No
Acrocephalus scirpaceus	1		b	iii	Noise, construction	No
Remiz pendulinus	1		b	iii	Noise, construction	No
Botaurus stellaris	4		d	i, iii	Noise, construction	No
Ixobrychus minutus	3		d	i, iii	Noise, construction	No
Pernis apivorus	2		d	iii	Noise, construction	No
Circus aeruginosus	5		d, e	i, iii, iv	Noise, construction	No
Porzana porzana	1		d	iii	Noise, construction	No
Dryocopus martius	2		d	iii	Noise, construction	No
Porzana parva	2		d	iii	Noise, construction	No
Grus grus	3		c, d	iii, iv	Noise, construction	No
Sterna albifrons	1		d	iii	Noise, construction	No
Chlidonias niger	2		d	iii	Noise, construction	No
Caprimulgus europaeus	2		d	iii	Noise, construction	No
Buteo buteo	3			i		no
Accipiter nissus	3		c	i, iv		no
Strix aluco	3			i		no
Asio otus	2			i, iv		no
Athene noctua	1			i		no
Alcedo atthis	2		d	iii	noise	no
Dendrocopos	1		d	iii	noise	no

s medius						
Motacilla flava	1		d	iii	noise	no
Ficedula hypoleuca	1		d	iii	noise	no
Oriolus oriolus	1		d	iii	noise	no
Sitta europea	1			i		no
Coccothraus coccothraustes	1			i		no
Emberiza citrinella	2			i		no
Carduelis chloris	1			i		no
Carduelis carduelis	3			i		no
Parus caeruleus	1			i		no
Phoenicurus ochruros	1			i		no
Tyto alba	1			i		no
Aythya fuligula	1			i		no
Buteo lagopus	1			i		no
Circus macrourus	1			i		no
Asio flammeus	1			iv		no
Phylloscopus collybita	1			iv		no
Dendrocopos major	1			iv		no
Aquila clanga	1			iv		no
Bubo bubo	1			iv		no
Lanius senator	1			iv		no
Bombus garrulus	1			iv		no
Podiceps ruficollis	1		c	i, iv		no
Larus minutus	1		c	i, iv		no
Amphibians:						
Bombina bombina	1		c	iv	traps	no
Reptiles:						
Emys orbicularis	1		c	iv		no
Invertebrates:						
Osmoderma eremita	4	300	b, c	i, iii, iv	By hand, aircraft, traps, mowing motor vehicles	no
Cerambyx cerdo	2	30	b, c	iii, iv	Aircraft, mowing motor vehicles	no

Maculinea arion	1	100	c	iv	nets	no
Cucujus cinnaberinu s	1		c	iv	traps	no

3. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING FALCONRY

3.1 Exceptions concerning falconry:

Name of species: **Falco cherrug**

Number of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention) : 18 (total in 2007-2008)

Origin of birds : 0 % captured from the wild in the State

33,3 % imported

66,7 % reared in captivity

Estimated population in the wild (in the State) : 0

Number of birds captured from the wild each year : 0

Number of birds imported (specify country of origin) :

2007

2 (from Czech Republic),

2008

3 (from Czech Republic), 1 (from Slovakia)

Means authorised for capture:

Controls involved:

Using birds of prey in hunting is determined by the Hunter's Law Act of 13th October 1995 and it is allowed for the members of Polish Hunting Association on the basis of the permit only. Permits concerning keeping birds of prey for other purposes than hunting are issued by the General Directorate for Environmental Protection.

According to the CITES legislation permits for import, export and reexport of birds of prey are issued by the Minister of the Environment (CITES Management Authority of Poland). These permits describe only general aims (like education, zoological, commercial, breeding, private), and they do not specify falconry aim.

Certificates for internal trade in birds of prey are also issued according to the EU law concerning CITIES:

For commercial purposes, including some aspects of falconry (all specimens, mostly of captive-bred origin) and for movement of live animals (except specimens of captive-bred origin).

3.2 Exceptions concerning falconry:

Name of species: **Falco peregrinus**

Number of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention) : 75 (total in 2007-2008)

Origin of birds : 0 % captured from the wild in the State

10,7 % imported

89,3 % reared in captivity

Estimated population in the wild (in the State) : 10-15 breeding pairs

Number of birds captured from the wild each year : 0

Number of birds imported (specify country of origin) :

2007

6 (from Austria),

2008

1 (from Austria),

Means authorised for capture:

Controls involved:

Using birds of prey in hunting is determined by the Hunter's Law Act of 13th October 1995 and it is allowed for the members of Polish Hunting Association on the basis of the permit only. Permits concerning keeping birds of prey for other purposes than hunting are issued by the General Directorate for Environmental Protection.

According to the CITES legislation permits for import, export and reexport of birds of prey are issued by the Minister of the Environment (CITES Management Authority of Poland). These permits describe only general aims (like education, zoological, commercial, breeding, private), and they do not specify falconry aim.

Certificates for internal trade in birds of prey are also issued according to the EU law concerning CITIES:

For commercial purposes, including some aspects of falconry (all specimens, mostly of captive-bred origin) and for movement of live animals (except specimens of captive-bred origin).

3.3 Exceptions concerning falconry:

Name of species: **Accipiter gentilis**

Number of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention) : 11 (total in 2007-2008)

Origin of birds : 0 % captured from the wild in the State

0 % imported

100 % reared in captivity

Estimated population in the wild (in the State) : 5000-10000 breeding pairs

Number of birds captured from the wild each year : -

Number of birds imported (specify country of origin) : -

Means authorised for capture:

Controls involved:

Using birds of prey in hunting is determined by the Hunter's Law Act of 13th October 1995 and it is allowed for the members of Polish Hunting Association on the basis of the permit only. Permits concerning keeping birds of prey for other purposes than hunting are issued by the General Directorate for Environmental Protection.

According to the CITES legislation permits for import, export and reexport of birds of prey are issued by the Minister of the Environment (CITES Management Authority of Poland). These permits describe only general aims (like education, zoological, commercial, breeding, private), and they do not specify falconry aim.

Certificates for internal trade in birds of prey are also issued according to the EU law concerning CITIES:

For commercial purposes, including some aspects of falconry (all specimens, mostly of captive-bred origin) and for movement of live animals (except specimens of captive-bred origin).

3.4 Exceptions concerning falconry:

Name of species: **Aquila chrysaetos**

Number of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention) : 1 (total in 2007-2008)

Origin of birds : 0 % captured from the wild in the State

100 % imported

0 % reared in captivity

Estimated population in the wild (in the State) : 30-35 breeding pairs

Number of birds captured from the wild each year : -

Number of birds imported (specify country of origin) :

2008

1 (from Slovakia)

Means authorised for capture:

Controls involved:

Using birds of prey in hunting is determined by the Hunter's Law Act of 13th October 1995 and it is allowed for the members of Polish Hunting Association on the basis of the permit only. Permits concerning keeping birds of prey for other purposes than hunting are issued by the General Directorate for Environmental Protection.

According to the CITES legislation permits for import, export and reexport of birds of prey are issued by the Minister of the Environment (CITES Management Authority of Poland). These permits describe only general aims (like education, zoological, commercial, breeding, private), and they do not specify falconry aim.

Certificates for internal trade in birds of prey are also issued according to the EU law concerning CITIES:

For commercial purposes, including some aspects of falconry (all specimens, mostly of captive-bred origin) and for movement of live animals (except specimens of captive-bred origin).

3.5 Exceptions concerning falconry:

Name of species: **Buteo buteo**

Number of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention) : 1 (total in 2007-2008)

Origin of birds : 0 % captured from the wild in the State

0 % imported

100 % reared in captivity

Estimated population in the wild (in the State) : 50000-80000 pairs

Number of birds captured from the wild each year : -

Number of birds imported (specify country of origin) :

2008

1 (from Slovakia)

Means authorised for capture:

Controls involved:

Using birds of prey in hunting is determined by the Hunter's Law Act of 13th October 1995 and it is allowed for the members of Polish Hunting Association on the basis of the permit only. Permits concerning keeping birds of prey for other purposes than hunting are issued by the General Directorate for Environmental Protection.

According to the CITES legislation permits for import, export and reexport of birds of prey are issued by the Minister of the Environment (CITES Management Authority of Poland). These permits describe only general aims (like education, zoological, commercial, breeding, private), and they do not specify falconry aim.

Certificates for internal trade in birds of prey are also issued according to the EU law concerning CITES:

For commercial purposes, including some aspects of falconry (all specimens, mostly of captive-bred origin) and for movement of live animals (except specimens of captive-bred origin).

4. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (APPENDIX III)¹¹

Table 4.1 (year 2007)

Name of the species	Exceptions made
Mammals:	
Lynx lynx	capture
Castor fiber	damage of breeding sites, killing
Bison bonasus	Capture Keeping (in captivity)
Birds:	
Corvus corax	Capture, killing, disturbing, taxidermy
Turdus merula	Capture, disturbance, destruction breeding sites, taking eggs, taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Larus ridibundus	Disturbance, taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Columba livia	Disturbance, destruction breeding sites, taking eggs (and return them)
Aythya nyroca	Disturbance
Pluvialis apricaria	Disturbance
Philomachus pugnax	Disturbance, capture
Sterna caspia	Disturbance
Emberiza hortulana	Disturbance
Cygnus olor	Disturbance
Podiceps cristatus	Capture, taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Uria aalgae	Taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Fringilla montifringilla	Taxidermy
Apus apus	Taxidermy, disturbance
Emberiza calandra	Taxidermy
Larus cachinans	Taxidermy, capture (baguage, telemetry)
Lullula arborea	disturbance
Fringilla coelebs	Disturbance, destruction of the resting/breeding sites, taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Cuculus canorus	Disturbance, destruction of the resting/breeding sites
Turdus pilaris	Disturbance, destruction of the resting/breeding sites
Turdus philomelos	Disturbance, destruction of the resting/breeding sites, taxidermy
Tetrao tetrix	Capture, breeding, filming
Galerida cristata	Disturbance
Phalacrocorax carbo	Disturbance and killing
Streptopelia decaocto	Keeping
Aythya marila	Taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Ardea cinerea	Capture, disturbance, killing, taxidermy
Bucephala clangula	capture
Mergus merganser	Capture, taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Clangula hyemalis	Taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Melanitta fusca	Taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Mergus serrator	Taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Alauda arvensis	Taxidermy of founded dead individuals

¹¹ If exceptions concern the prohibited means of capture and killing for Appendix III species, use the form 2.4 on Appendix IV.

Passer montanus	Taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Limosa limosa	Taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Tringa nebularia	Taxidermy
Larus argentatus	Taxidermy
Reptiles:	
Natrix natrix	Disturbance
Amphibians:	
Bufo bufo	Disturbance the period of the rearing and hibernation
Rana esculenta	Disturbance the period of the rearing and hibernation, scientific objectives
Rana temporaria	Disturbance the period of the rearing and hibernation, scientific objectives
Rana ridibunda	Disturbance the period of the rearing and hibernation, scientific objectives
Invertebrates:	
Astacus astacus	Capture for the purposes of repopulating these species
Helix pomatia	killing

Table 4.1 (year 2008)

Name of the species	Exceptions made
Mammals:	
Lynx lynx	capture
Castor fiber	damage of breeding sites, killing, keeping in captivity
Bison bonasus	filming
Birds:	
Larus argentatus	Disturbance
Larus cachinans	Disturbance
Phalacrocorax carbo	Disturbance and killing
Tetrao tetrix	disturbance
Corvus corax	capture
Larus ridibundus	capture
Cygnus olor	capture
Anas querquedula	Disturbance
Vanellus vanellus	Disturbance
Turdus iliacus	Disturbance
Lullula arborea	Disturbance
Columba livia	Disturbance
Fringilla coelebs	Disturbance
Alauda arvensis	Disturbance
Passer montanus	Disturbance
Podiceps cristatus	Disturbance, keeping
Turdus merula	Disturbance
Upupa epos	Disturbance
Pyrrhula pyrrhula	Disturbance, taxidermy of founded dead individuals
Fringilla montifringilla	Disturbance
Ardea ciconia	Disturbance
Tringa erythropus	Disturbance
Clangula hyemalis	Disturbance
Bonasa bonasia	Disturbance
Fringilla coelebs	Disturbance

Rallus aquaticus	Disturbance
Melanitta fusca	Disturbance
Turdus pilaris	Disturbance
Bucephala clangula	Keeping
Mergus merganser	keeping
Amphibians:	
Reptiles:	
Natrix natrix	capture
Lacerta agilis	capture
Vipera berus	Disturbance
Invertebrates:	
Helix pomatia	killing
Hirudo medicinalis	Capture, killing

5. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF MEANS OF CAPTURE AND KILLING SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX IV

Table 5.1 (year 2007)

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of specimens	Reasons	Method used	Impact on population
Mammals:					
Rhinolophus hipposideros	3		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Rhinolophus hipposideros	1		d	traps	no
Myotis myotis	3		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Myotis myotis	1		d	traps	no
Myotis bechsteinii	1		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Myotis nattererii	2		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Myotis emarginatus	2		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Myotis mystacinus	2		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Myotis brandtii	2		d	Nets which are	no

				non selective according to their principle or condition of use	
Myotis daubentonii	2		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Eptesicus nilssonii	1		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Vespertillo murinus	1		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Nyctalus leisleri	1		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Plecotus auritus	2		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Plecotus austriacus	1		d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Castor fiber	4	46	b, c	nets	no
Castor fiber	1	1 resting site	d	Tape recorder	no
Castor fiber	3	46	b	traps	no
Castor fiber	36	519	b, d	Semi-automatic weapons	no
Canis lupus	2	4	d	Tape recorder	No
Ursus arctos	1	1	d	Tape recorder	No
Bison bonasus	2	17	d	traps	no
Bison bonasus	8	17	a, d	Moving motor vehicles	
Birds:					
Turdus merula	1	600	d	nets	no
Acrocephalus schoenobanus	1	300	d	nets	no
Larus cachinnans	1	32	d	traps	no
Cygnus olor	1		b	Tape recorders	no
Cygnus cygnus	1		b	Tape recorders	no
Falco	1		d	Artificial light	no

tinnunculus				source (fireworks)	
Dendrocopos major	1		d	Artificial light source (fireworks)	no
Turdus philomelos	1		d	Artificial light source (fireworks)	no
Galerida cristata	1		d	Artificial light source (fireworks)	no
Erithacus rubecula	1		d	Artificial light source (fireworks)	no
Turdus pilaris	1		d	Artificial light source (fireworks)	no
Sitta europea	1		d	Artificial light source (fireworks)	no
Troglodytes troglodytes	1		d	Artificial light source (fireworks)	no
Apus apus	1		d	Artificial light source (fireworks)	no
Columba livia	1		c	Tape recorders	no
Streptopelia decaocto	1		c	Tape recorders	no
Phalacrocorax carbo	8	526	b	Tape recorders	no
Corvus corax	1		c	Tape recorders	no
Ardea cinerea	1		b	Tape recorders	no
Amphibians:					
Rana temporaria	1		d	traps	no
Rana esculenta	1		d	traps	no
Rana ridibunda	1		d	traps	no
Invertebrates:					
Maculinea nausithous	1		d	nets	no
Lycaena dispar	1		d	nets	no
Maculinea teleius	1		d	nets	no
Astacus astacus	1		d	traps	no
Cerambyx cerdo	1	30	d	aircraft	no

Table 5.1 (year 2008)

Name of species	No. of licences	No. of specimens	Reasons	Method used	Impact on population
Mammals:					
Lynx lynx	1	2	d	Nets which are non selective according to their principle or condition of use	no
Lynx lynx	1	6	d	Traps which are non selective according to their principle or their use	no

Castor fiber	2	6	b, c	nets	no
Castor fiber	3	130	b	traps	no
Castor fiber	25	290	b, d	Semi-automatic weapons	no
Castor fiber	5	153	b, c	Moving motor vehicles	no
Canis lupus	2	14	d	Traps which are non selective according to their principle or their use	no
Bison bonasus		3	8	d	Moving motor vehicles
Lutra lutra	1	4	d	Moving motor vehicles	no
Birds:					
Aquila chrysaetos	1	1		Moving motor vehicles	no
Amphibians:					
Bombina bombina	1		d	traps	no
Natrix natrix	1		d	traps	no
Lacerta agilis	1		d	traps	no
Invertebrates:					
Maculinea arion	1	100	d	nets	no
Lycaena dispar	1		d	nets	no
Maculinea teleius	1		d	nets	no
Helix pomatia	1	110	c	electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	no
Osmoderma eremita	1		d	Barber's traps	no
Osmoderma eremita	1	300	d	aircraft	no
Osmoderma eremita	1		c	Moving motor vehicles	no
Cucujus cinnaberinus	1		d	Barber's traps	no
Cerambyx cerdo	1		c	Moving motor vehicles	no

SERBIA / SERBIE**MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND SPATIAL PLANNING OF THE REPUBLIC OF SERBIA****THE BIENNIAL REPORT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SERBIA
(2007-2008)**

The Republic of Serbia is the contracting party to the Bern Convention since May 2008.

Competent Authorities to Grant Exceptions:

The Ministry of Environment and Spatial Planning of the Republic of Serbia,

The Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management of the Republic of Serbia and

The Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia

Data has been provided by the Ministry of Environment and Spatial Planning, Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia, Museum of Natural History in Belgrade and Hunting Association of Serbia.

**1. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES
(APPENDIX I)****Tab. 1.1. (2007)**

Name of the species	Number of licences	Number of specimens (when practical)	Reasons for issuing of licences ¹	Impact on Population
Ramonda serbica Pancic	1	60 leafs	A(research/education)	Small number

Tab. 1.1. (2008)

Name of the species	Number of licences	Number of specimens (when practical)	Reasons for issuing of licences ¹	Impact on Population
Ramonda serbica Pancic	1	60 leafs	A(research/education)	Small number

Tab. 1.2. (2007)**2. EXCEPTIONS ON STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (Appendix II)**

Name of the species	Number of licences	No. of individuals (when practical)	Action permitted (a to f)	Reason (i to v)	Means of killing/capture	Impact on Population
Canis lupus	36 (Licence hunting)	36	a	iii/v	shooting	none
Bats (Chiroptera)	1	45		iv		
Triturus cristatus	1	12	a,c	iv		none

Tab. 1.2. (2008)

3. EXCEPTIONS ON STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (Appendix II)

Name of the species	Number of licences	No. of individuals (when practical)	Action permitted (a to f)	Reason (i to v)	Means of killing/capture	Impact on Population
<i>Canis lupus</i>	10 (Licence hunting)	10	a	Iii/v	shooting	none
Bats (Chiroptera)	1	141		iv		
<i>Spermophilus citellus</i>	1	15		iv/v		
<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	1	3		iv		
<i>Merops apiaster</i>	1	2		iv		
<i>Jynx torquilla</i>	1	15		iv		
<i>Dendrocopos minor</i>	1	3		iv		
<i>Dendrocopos medius</i>	1	15		iv		
<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>	1	14		iv		
<i>Turdus torquatus</i>	1	2		iv		
<i>Regulus ignicapillus</i>	1	4		iv		
<i>Ficedula albicollis</i>	1	9		iv		
<i>Parus montanus</i>	1	10		iv		
<i>Parus lugubris</i>	1	15		Iv		
<i>Certhia familiaris</i>	1	15		iv		
<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>	1	15		iv		
<i>Lanius collurio</i>	1	15		iv		
<i>Serinus serinus</i>	1	10		iv		
<i>Loxia curvirostra</i>	1	10		iv		
<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>	1	2		iv		
<i>Emberiza cirrus</i>	1	15		iv		
<i>Testudo hermanni</i>	1	200		iv		
<i>Vipera ammodytes</i>	1	10		iv		
<i>Lacerta viridis</i>	1	25		iv		
<i>Podarcis taurica</i>	1	10		iv		
<i>Podarcis erhardii</i>	1	30		iv		
<i>Triturus karelinii</i>	1	11		iv		
<i>Cerambyx cerdo</i>	1	30		iv		